



Analysis of Biosimilars Policies: The European, American, and Canadian Landscape

Michael Reilly,
Executive Director, Alliance for Safe Biologic Medicines
June 28, 2022



Introduction

Michael Reilly, ESQ
Executive Director, Alliance for Safe Biologic Medicines
2010-Present

- Associate Deputy Secretary at the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) from 2005-2008
- Responsible for policy development and implementation, regulatory oversight for issues involving CMS and the FDA.
- Senior Advisor to the Assistant Secretary for Public Affairs and the Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation at HHS from 2002-2005

Biosimilars Working Group

**ASBM is also a member of the
Canadian Biosimilars Working Group:**

[Alliance for Safe Biologic Medicines](#)

[Canadian Council of the Blind](#)

[Canadian Organization for Rare](#)

[Disorders](#)

[Canadian Society of Intestinal Research](#)

[Crohn's and Colitis Canada](#)

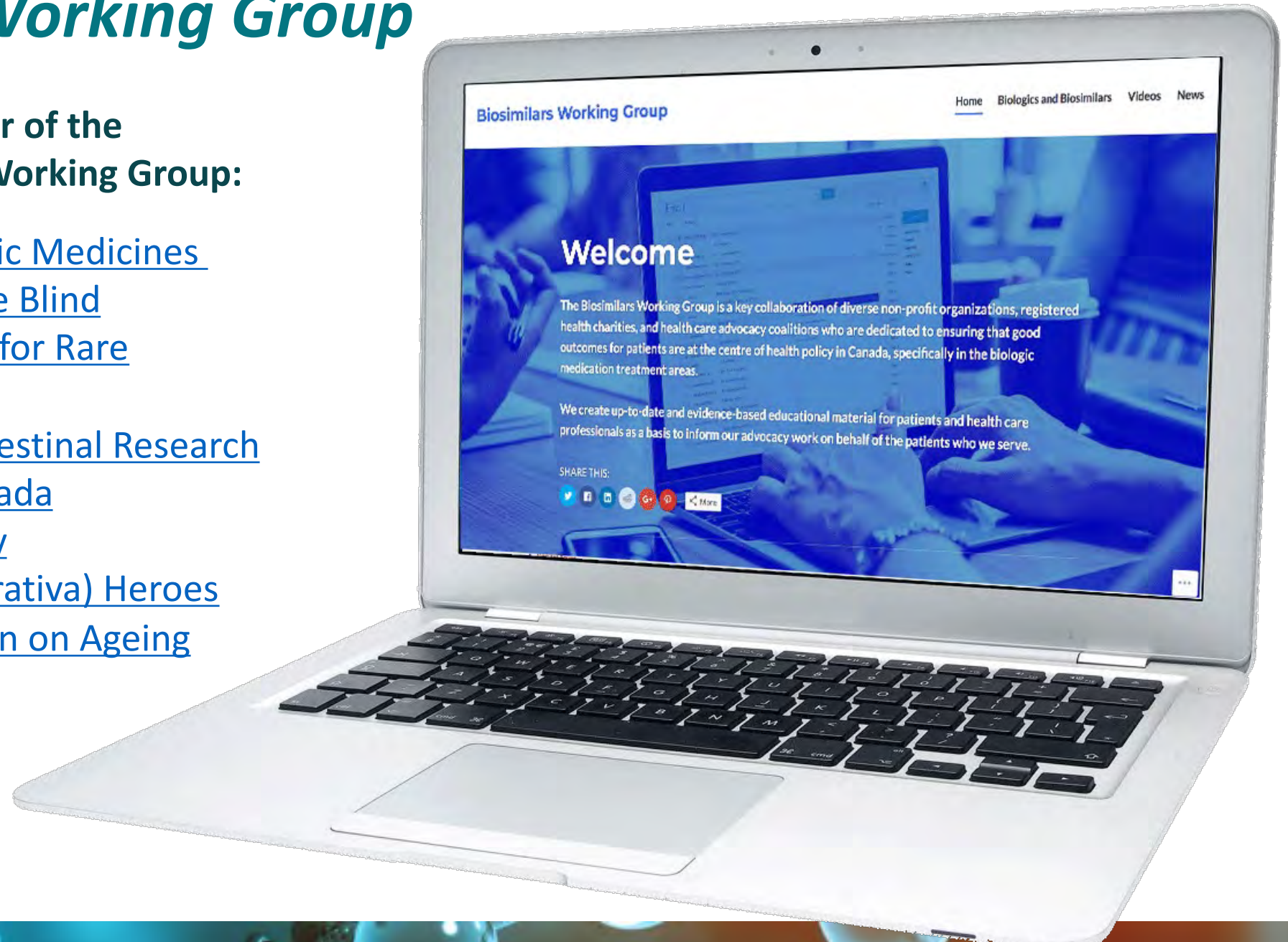
[Gastrointestinal Society](#)

[HS \(hidradenitis suppurativa\) Heroes](#)

[International Federation on Ageing](#)

[MedAccess BC](#)

biosimileroptions.ca



Joint PMPRB Comments: February 14, 2020



February 14, 2020

Patented Medicine Prices Review Board
333 Laurier Avenue West, Suite 1400
Ottawa, ON K1P 1C1

Submitted electronically to PMPRB.Consultations.CEPMB@pmprb-cepmb.gc.ca

Re: PMPRB DRAFT Guidelines

Dear Board Members,

As advocates representing millions of Canadian patients, the Alliance for Safe Biologic Medicines (ASBM) appreciates the opportunity to comment on the PMPRB's new Draft Guidelines. ASBM is a global alliance of patient advocacy organizations and physician societies, working to promote patient-centered biosimilar policies worldwide. The Gastrointestinal Society is one of our leading Canadian members, and represents as many as 6 million Canadians with irritable bowel syndrome (IBS), more than 9 million with functional dyspepsia, as many as 8 million with chronic acid reflux (GERD), and an additional 233,000 suffering from chronic inflammatory bowel disease (Crohn's and ulcerative colitis).

We are keenly aware of the importance to these patients we represent of improving access to new and innovative life-improving and life-extending therapies by ensuring affordability of medicines. However, pricing policies alone do not guarantee access; other factors contribute as well. Ensuring that new medicines available to patients in other advanced countries are launched in Canada as well is among these key factors.

It is our view that while well-intentioned, the new Draft Guidelines have a strong potential to upset this critical balance, by disincentivizing manufacturer investment in product launches and dissuading applications or subsequent indications in Canada thereby jeopardizing, rather than promoting, patient access to such therapies.

In its budget for 2017, the Canadian Government [laid out a vision](#) for Canada to become a global leader in innovation. Pursuant to this objective, the Government established an Economic Strategy Table (EST) for the Health Biosciences Sector, which published its [recommendations](#) in September 2017, including the goal of "doubling the size of the sector by 2025 and increasing the number of innovative technologies launched in Canada by 2025".

June 29 Webinar: “Key Factors for Successful Uptake of Biosimilars: Europe and US”

- Tomorrow ASBM & GaBI will present a webinar which discusses the factors contributing to the success of biosimilars in Europe and the U.S.
- This is the first in a series of webinars presented by ASBM and GaBI this year.

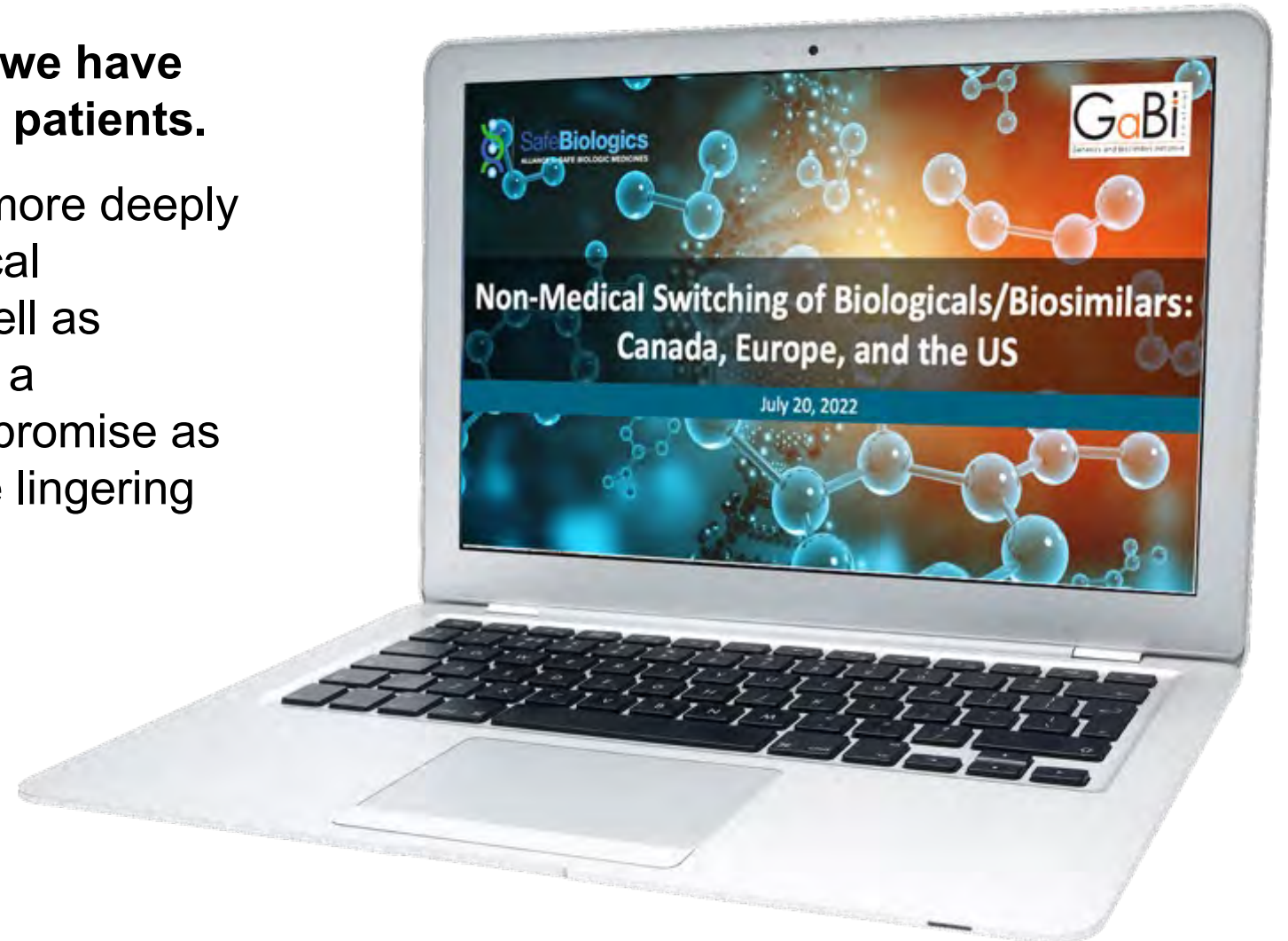
REGISTER



Non-Medical Switching Webinar: July 20th

Non-Medical Switching is a concern we have seen across our surveys and among patients.

Our next webinar (July 20th) will delve more deeply into physician concerns with non-medical switching and forced substitution- as well as discussing how the FDA designation of a biosimilar as "Interchangeable" shows promise as an effective means of addressing these lingering concerns for most physicians.



Europe Enjoys High Biosimilar Uptake Rates and Savings

Biosimilar Uptake Varies Throughout Europe by Country and Product (Usually 20-80% range):

Total Biosimilar Volume: Denmark: 63%; UK: 45%; Germany 40%; France 34%, Belgium and Switzerland tied at 14%.

Filgrastim/Pegfilgrastim: 16 European countries had > 90% biosimilar utilization in 2018, Ireland was just 27%.

Anti-TNF biosimilars (adalimumab, etanercept and infliximab): Norway and Denmark had 81% and 96% biosimilar uptake, respectively, while every other country's utilization was less than 50% .



Variations are influenced by government involvement, reimbursement structures and tender procurement policies.

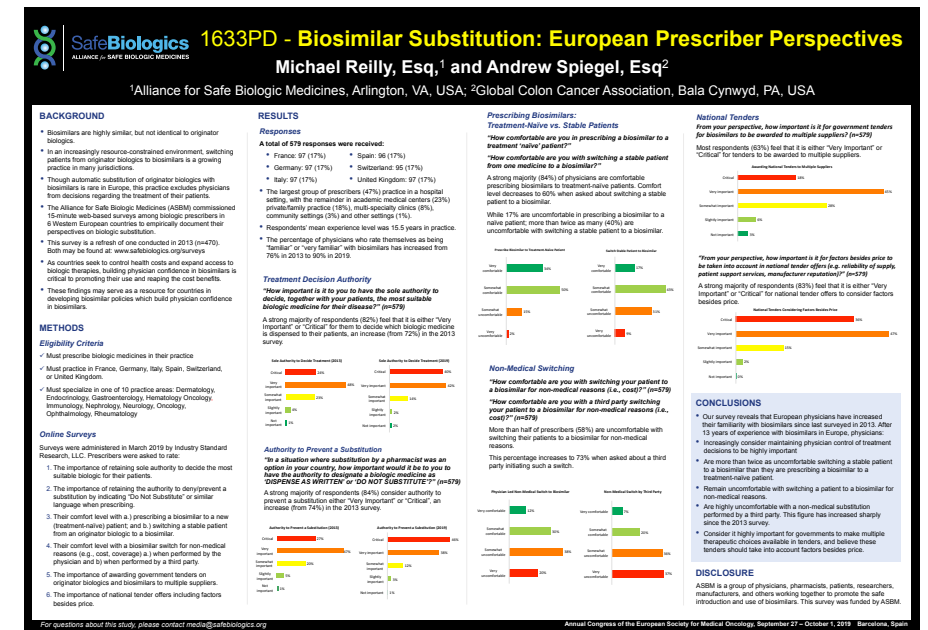
Biosimilar Policy in Europe: A Collaborative, Patient-Focused Approach

- **Regular multi-stakeholder consultations held by European Commission in Brussels.**
- Discussions about switching are made collaboratively between health care providers and patients.
- Education of patients to build trust in biosimilars has been a priority.
- Savings attributed to biosimilars are being visibly reinvested into the system- more healthcare workers, etc.



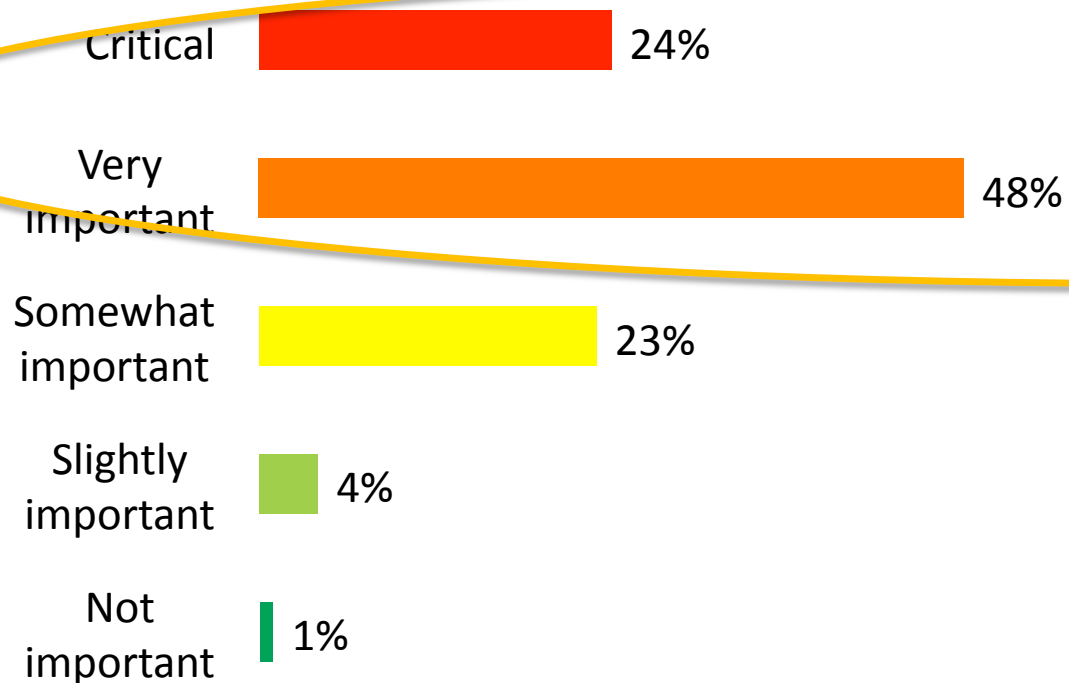
Survey Presented at ESMO Congress 2019

- An update of a prior survey in 2013
- The survey findings were presented at the European Society of Medical Oncology 2019 Congress in Barcelona, Spain.
- The European physicians took great pride in their approach, which is very patient-focused.
- **Notably, as familiarity increased, so did the importance to biosimilars increased, so did the importance to physicians of maintaining control of treatment decision.**

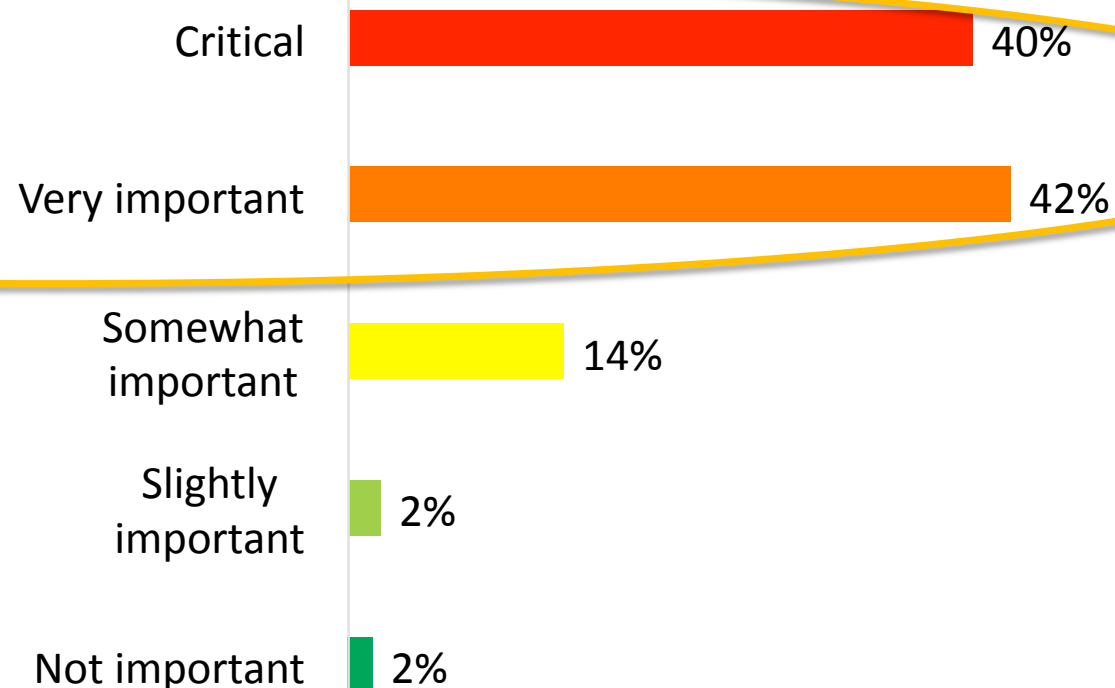


European Surveys (2013 vs. 2019): Importance of Physician/Patient Control of Treatment Decisions

Sole Authority to Decide Treatment (2013)



Sole Authority to Decide Treatment (2019)



82% feel that it is either “Very Important” or “Critical” for the physician & patient to decide which biologic medicine is used, an increase (from 72%) since 2013. Those considering this “Critical” nearly doubled from 24% to 40%.

“Policy Recommendations for a Sustainable Biosimilars Market: Lessons from Europe”

- Generics and Biosimilars Initiative Journal (GaBI Journal). Published in: Volume 9 / Year 2020 / Issue 2
- Authors: Michael S Reilly, Esq, Professor Philip J Schneider, MS, FASHP, FASPEN, FFIP
- Analyzed the different approaches to biosimilar policy across Europe
- OBJECTIVE: identify principles which can be applied to develop an efficient and sustainable biosimilar market.



The European Whitepaper Identified “Must-Have” Principles, Critical for Countries to Achieve Biosimilar Success:



1. Physicians should have the freedom to choose between off-patent originator biologicals and available biosimilars and to act in the best interest of their patients based on scientific evidence and clinical experience.
2. Tenders should be designed to include multiple value-based criteria beyond price, e.g. education, services, available dose strengths, and provide a sufficient broad choice (multi-winner tenders versus single-winner tenders) to ensure continuity of supply and healthy competition.
3. A level playing field between all participating manufacturers is the best way to foster competition; mandatory discounts which place artificial downward pressure on manufacturers do not engender a sustainable market environment.

Outliers: Norway and Denmark

- Even in Norway with a national tendering system, physicians retain the prescription choice among all available products but are strongly encouraged to choose the lowest priced product for new patients.
- Only Denmark, following a transparent process, will solely reimburse the winning product, except in rare substantiated circumstances.
- **Critically: No European country has stopped reimbursement of an originator product through an arbitrary government fiat as occurs in the Alberta and British Columbia forced-switching policies.**



While Europe is Viewed as the Leader in Biosimilar Adoption, the U.S. is Catching Up...

- **U.S. biosimilar market shares are catching up with European uptake rates:**
- **80% for filgrastim biosimilars, 70% for trastuzumab and bevacizumab biosimilars, and 55% for rituximab biosimilars.**
- Infiximab biosimilars have had the most limited adoption, with approximately 20% market share.





And Then, There's Canada...